

Dairy beef production:



why does BVD matte





Who am I?

- Dairy beef vet
- Last 20+ years working as a farm vet
- Interest calf health and production
- Now beef farming
- Nuffield Farming Scholarship 2014-15
- Integrated beef production
- Now run my own beef business







StraightLine Beef





Quality beef, with a conscience





Background to the business

- Result of 5 years research
- First batch started March 2014
 - Fully integrated dairy beef supply chain
 - 100% retained ownership
- From conception to consumption
 - Sire selection at dairy farm level
- Full control throughout life
 - Health protocols
 - Diet
 - Management







Current position

- Farms
 - Working with 9,000 dairy cows
 - 7 x calf rearing, 8 x growing sites
 - 4 finishing sites
- 4 main production lines
 - Natives: Angus, Hereford, Sussex
 - Continentals: British Blue
 - 100% dairy: steers
 - Bulls: 100% dairy and beef cross
- Supplying 300 cattle per month







Straightline Beef 2019

Wales

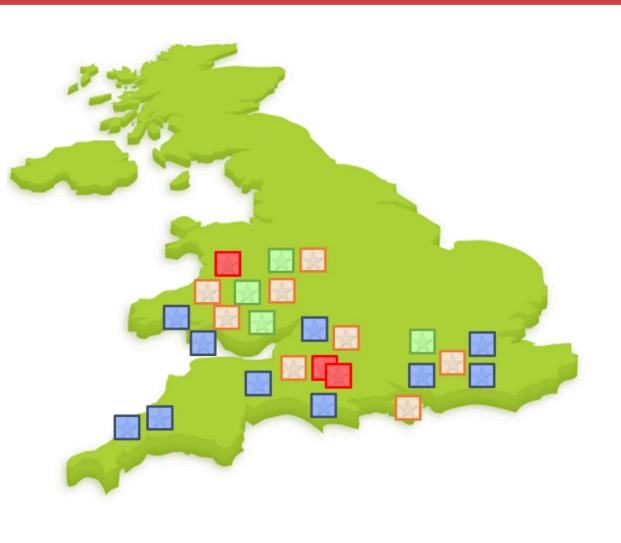
1 x dairy unit:

- Produce calves
- 800 per year 1 x calf units:
- Contract rear calves
- Grow on to 150kg 3 x growing units:
- 700 head capacity
- Grow on to 400kg 2 x finishing units:
- 700 head/year

West Country

5 x dairy units:

- Produce calves
- 3,000 per year 4 x calf units:
- Rear calves
- Grow on to 150kg



South East

3 x dairy units in SE:

- Produce calves
- 700 per year
- 2 x calf units:
- Contract rear calves
- Grow on to 150kg

1 x growing unit:

- 400 head growing
- Grow on to 400kg

West Country

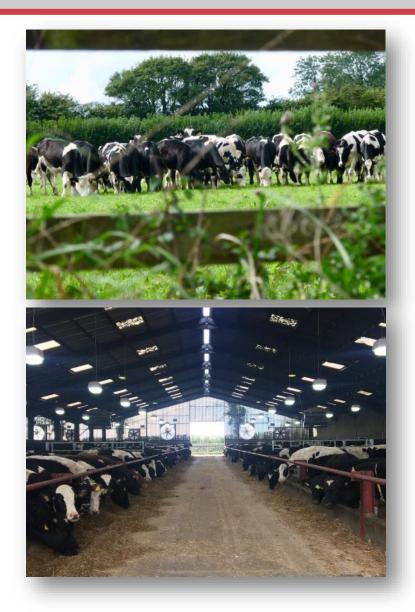
4 x growing units:

- 3,000 head capacity
- 3,000 per year
- 2 x finishing units:
- 1,600 bulls /year
- 2,400 steers/heifers/year



Winterwell Beef Unit

- Central 'base' hub in Somerset
 - Producing 800 calves and 2,400 head of beef/year
- Winterwell Farm
 - 800 acres grassland (300 acres HLS)
 - 300 head calf rearing and youngstock
 - Housing for 2,000 head
 - 2,500 head in summer
 - Grazing 1,000+ head
 - Housed calves, youngstock and finishing groups





Precision Beef

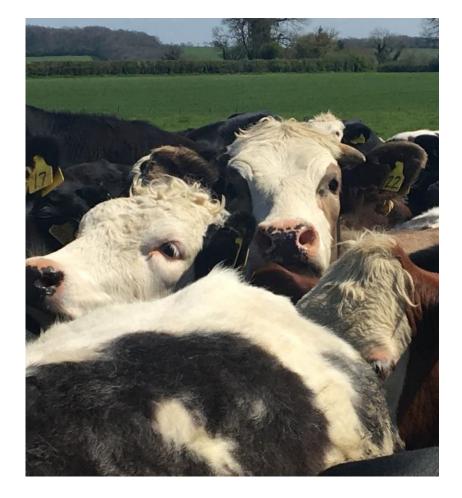
- Managed system similar to dairy unit
- Team approach:
 - Farm, nutritionist, feed company, vet
 - Processors and end customers
- Measure to manage:
 - Full EID = routine weighing/monitoring
 - NIR analysis vs wet chemistry on all feedstuffs and TMR
 - Targeting dry matter intake and feed conversion
- SmartFeeding
 - Keenan SPF and In-Touch





Consumer and Customer Focused

- Welfare and assurance:
 - Weekly assessment of animal welfare
 - Independent audit and review by Bristol University
 - Quarterly review of farm health and welfare performance
- Lifetime health plan:
 - Full vaccination and prevention plan in place
 - Weekly vet visits to monitor
- Active antimicrobial reduction programme:
 - No critically important antibiotics used in lifetime
 - No prophylaxis at any stage in lifetime of animal
 - Partner with independent Pruex in AMR programme





Why worry about BVD?

BVD impacts profitability as much as health





Dairy farming varies greatly





- Big differential across national herd:
 - Average 8,100L and 130 cows/herd
 - Low input block calving grazing herds
 - High input 100% housed herds





All rely on efficient production



- Targeted production optimum for contract
- Supermarket vs non-aligned
- Welfare and assurance now vital







Heifer production





Demands and challenges for beef industry



- By 2050 9bn people
- 4.9bn middle class
- Consumer perceptions
- Consumer vs public
- Flexitarian or vegan agenda
- Welfare and health
- Sustainability question
- Carbon footprint?

We have to improve efficiency



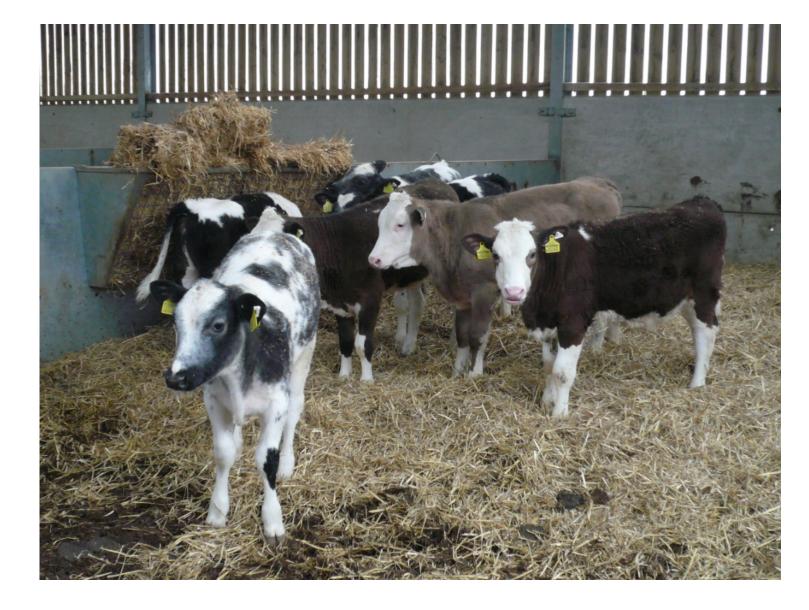




Beef calf production







Can you spot the PI?





BH20 5NU Phone: 01929480734 Email: Batch No.: 22111735TT

Certificate No.: 22111735TT20171124123806

Location: Hillington Authorised by: Derek Connolly, Disease and Microbiology Laboratory Manager

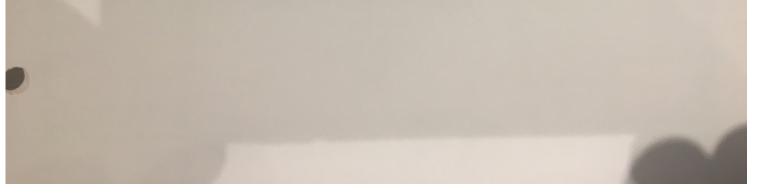
NML HEALTHCHECK RESULTS

(Individual Cow samples)

Table1: Results For The Detection Of BVDv Antigen in Individual Cow Ear Tissue.

Analysis Methodology: Detection of BVDv antigens using commercial ELISA test kit.

	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DATE	BVDvAG t	
			S-N	Category
F	UK341550601305	20/11/2017	0.03	Negative
F	UK341550701306	20/11/2017	0.01	Negativ
F	UK341550101307	20/11/2017	0.02	Negativ
F	UK341550201308	20/11/2017	0.03	Negativ



Can you spot the PI?





BVD in StraightLine

- Experience as vet and farmer
- Tag and Test new farms
- BVD Free units supply
- Zero tolerance to BVD
 - 1. Impact on health
 - 2. Impact on production
 - 3. Impact on medicine usage
 - 4. Impact on efficiency
 - 5. Impact on profitability









BVD outbreak in July 2017

- Batch of 50 calves
- Single source
- Born 14 days span
- Arrived June 27th
- First treatment June 30th
- Mild signs non specific
- By July 7th had treated 17 calves







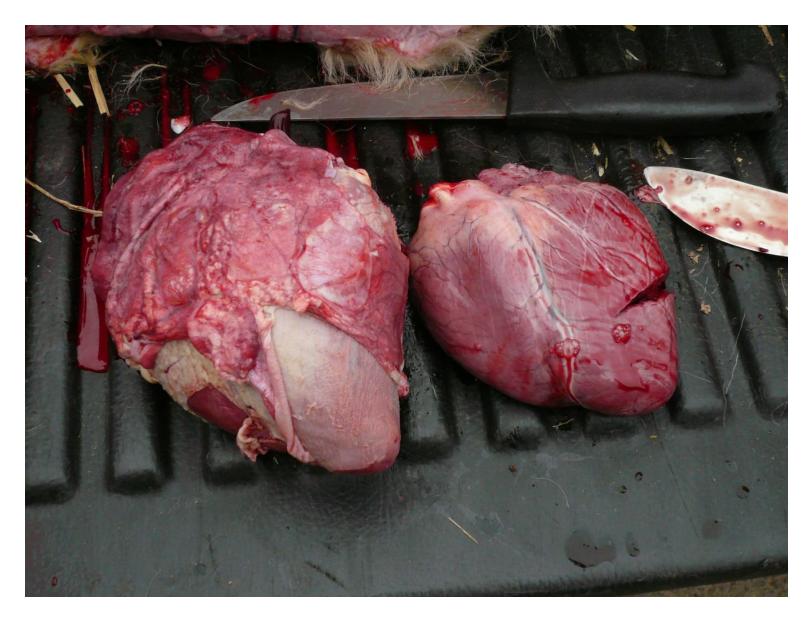
BVD outbreak in July 2017

- Mild pneumonia
- Mild scouring
- Pyrexia no obvious reason
- RD concerned 10th July
- Sampled salmonella and BVD
- 14th July BVD identified
- Hunt PI not easy









BVD – more than PI calves





BVD analysis

- 1 x Persistently Infected calf
- High morbidity
- Low mortality initial 2%
- 96% of animals in batch treated
- Long term impact:
 - Reduced DLWG
 - Increased medicine usage
 - Raised mortality 8%
 - Oldest animal still on farm





Final impact of BVD?



Additional days to finish





Work towards herd health

"Herd Health is a bespoke process designed to positively foster the maintenance of good health in herds, but in such a way as to gain maximum economic advantage"





Work towards herd health







Sustainability – the future?

Carbon Footprint

- McDonalds and Alltech ECO2 carbon score
- 2,100 cattle processed October 2017 to September 2018
- 5.98kgCO2e/Kg LW (UK system average 10.26kg/CO2e)
- 2018-19 target <5kgCO2e/kg LW

Antibiotic usage

- 4,300 head in system rolling 12 months
- Audited by Bristol University Veterinary School
- 80.9% animals received no antibiotic in lifetime
- 5.9mg/PCU total antibiotic usage





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Inda

Quality beef, with a conscience

